G R S 58]

Previous references

Mel 222 – 12 Feb 1913 Feb 1913 Feb 1913

1915.

(Municipal)

Mel File No 121–14 5

Serial Nos. 1–8

Later references

Mel 35–1583/12B Sept. 1915

Dresen

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos 1–8

Part B for May 1915

SUBJECT

Proposal to abolish Octroi in the Thyagunduta Municipality.

No 8636 dt – 10.5.15 of the D.C. Bangalore

Records the correspondence re the subject of abolishing the octroi in the Thyagunduta municipality with the observation that the existing state of things to continue at Thyagunduta

[illegible]

E.W.D. Green 2/6/15

GRS 11] 1913-1914 929

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Rc)

NOTES

File No 121-13

FILE HEADING.

Abolition of Devdasi in the Tyamagondlu
(Dewan's Notes of Inspection Dy 27 7-1913)

From

No.	Dated	Received
Diary No 929	Enclos	Spare Copies	Serial No /

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER

NOTES AND ORDERS

Attention is respectfully invited to the extract from the Dewan's notes of Inspection Tyamagondlu dated the 27th July 1913 relating Devdasi. The Secretary's orders with reference that para are given on the next page. —

For disposal

NOTES—First Sheet

GPB—35 000—15 6-13

R S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat | dl File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

"B & W Please make an extract of this and submit with a note early, as required by the Dewan."

222-12

2 The prayer of the merchant of Tyagamandlu has all along been for the abolition of Octroi in the town. They stated in their petitions that on account of that levy several merchants left the town and settled themselves elsewhere and that several shops also began to be opened in the adjoining villages with the result that the population of the town and its trade decreased considerably. While representing their grievances to the Dewan "they wanted that the Municipality might be converted into a Union or the "Octroi abolished, or in the alternative, "the shop tax might be increased so as "to yield half the income now realized "from Octroi and that the other half "might be remitted."

Enclosure Note

3 Tyagamandlu is a non-regulation Municipality. The Dy. Com'r recommended that this and a few other Municipalities of the District might be disestablished and converted into Unions. That question is still pending orders of the Govt. We file the

NOTE—Contn sheet

GIP—85 000—1 ? 12.

R. S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat

Mc File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

submitted to the A.C. on the 11 Feb 1913

4 The Chief sources of income of the Tyumagondlu Municipality are Octroi and House and Mohatarfa Taxes. A statement showing the receipts and expenditure of the Municipality, as also the income from Octroi and Shop tax and expenditure under Public works during the six years ending 1913-1914 is submitted. The expenditure is no doubt well within the receipts and the Municipality has a credit balance of about Rs 4000/- The average income from Octroi is about Rs 755, i.e a third of the total Municipal income. If this source of income is given up, it does not seem very easy to recoup the loss by a revision of the House and Mohatarfa taxes, unless the Municipality is re-established on a substantial portion of its income remitted, as suggested by the Merchants. The Mohatarfa taxes were levied under the Mohatarfa rules, and if all the merchants agree to their shops being placed in the next higher class for purposes of taxation, the present income of Rs 463 from Shop tax may be estimated to rise by about one-half or the amount

mtn sheet

929 4

R S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat

dl File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

The expenditure of the Municipality under Public Works is not much, being about Rs 244 on an average, against Rs 3007 under Street lighting

5 The merchants are perhaps correct in their statement that the population of the town has decreased considerably A statement of population showing variations since 1871 is submitted for reference

Submitted for orders

Mat 50
9/8/1913

6 There is no doubt a decrease of 25 per Cent in the population of Tyamagondlu during the last decade But it cannot be ascribed to octroi & its incidental disadvantages, unless octroi was levied only during the decennium Please note when Tyamagondlu was Constituted into a Municipality, when octroi was introduced, and whether the levy of octroi on any fresh items was authorised during the last decade - Please note also in how many years, the place was infected with plague, and other Epidemics

Between 1869 & 1871
In 1st July 1899

Mat
9/8/13

Mat
9/8/13

NOTE—Contn sheet

GTE—1 6 12.

Tyagaraja gondhu Municipality

Statement B.T.

Year	Income from		Total Receipts	Total Expenditure	Expenditure under Public works	Remarks
	Octroi	Shop tax				
1908-1909	852	413	2671	2233	311	
1909-1910	757	465	2981	2350	50	
1910-1911	662	514	2747	1868	111	
1911-1912	716	452	2672	2240	290	
1912-1913	737	460	2903	2608	350	Approximate figures
1913-1914	808	471	2937	2447	350	do
Total	4532	2775	16,911	13,744	1462	
Average	755	463	2819	2286	244	

Statement of population, with variations since 1871

Year	Population	Remarks
1871	3804	
1881	3299	− 505
1891	3748	+ 449
1901	4099	+ 351
1911	3022	− 1077

929 6

U R S 12

General and Revenue Secretariat

Rev File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

7. Subd. The exact date on which Tyamagondlu was constituted into a Hummu cannot be ascertained from the papers in the Records of this office However, it must have been so constituted prior to 1871 inasmuch as the Hummu Accounts of that year the earliest accounts available, make mention of the Tyamagondlu Hummucahlu. The levy of Octroi was introduced with effect from the 1st July 1899, and the duty has not been extended to fresh articles during the last decade Definite information as to how many years the town was infected with plague and other epidemics is not available the following information is gathered from the Reports on Sanitation in Mysore -

Year	No of deaths from			Remarks
	Cholera	Small-pox	Plague	
1907			101	
1908			8	
1909		7		
1910		8	59	
1911			45	
Total		15	213	

Vide overleaf note

NOTE—Contn sheet

Similar

GIP—65 000—1 6 12

U. R. S[illegible]

Gen[illegible] S[illegible]

Sl File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No	
	1 Similar figures for previous years are not available M1050 8 Please get this information 13-8-13 Hy 15/8/13
	9 Draft D.O letter to Mr. P.V. Achyutha Rao Sanr Commr. Calling for the information to submitted. M1050 10 Issue the D.O to the Dy.Commr. Mr Chandy, also one to the Sanr Commr 18/8/13 Hy 18/8
T	2 11 D.O letter No. 2004 dated the 19th August 1913 to Mr K Chandy, Dy. Commr Bangalore Dt. Calls for information about the manner of deaths from Cholera, small pox and plg. in the town of Tyamagondlu during the nine Calendar years Commencing from
	3 12 D.O letter No. 122 dated the 2nd Sept 1913 from Mr K Chandy Dy. Commr. Furnishes the required information 13 A Consolidated statement showing the deaths from Cholera small pox and plague during the 10 years ending 1911 is submitted. Statement showing the population of villages

Note—Contn sheet.

155-V

8

[R S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat

GG File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

is not available in this office
Hunter
8/9/13

Year	Number of deaths from			Total deaths	Remarks
	Cholera	Small-pox	Plague		
1898			18	18	
1899		11	34	45	
1900		1	10	11	
1901					
1902		4	19	23	
1903	.		12	12	
1904			109	109	
1905		1	28	29	
1906		8		8	
1907	.	.	107	107	
1908			8	8	
1909		7		7	
1910		8	59	67	
1911			45	45	
Total	.	40	443	483	

Hunter
8/9/13

NOTE—Contd sheet.

GIP—85 000—1-7-12.

1552

9

D R S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat | Mr File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No 4 | Submitted with reference to the Dewan's order on his visit of Inspection of Tyamagondlu Sum 5

The questions on which a note is called for, are the effect of the levy of octroi in Tyamagondlu Municipality upon its trade, the desirability and feasibility of abolishing the tax there, and of reducing Tyamagondlu into a Union

Tyamagondlu has been a municipality from 1871 or even earlier Octroi began to be levied in the year 1899, on the following articles, cocoanut fresh and dry, betel leaves, tobacco and piece goods. Jaggery, ghee, and sheep and goats also appear to be taxed and to bring in about four rupees, one rupee and one rupee respectively (Vide accounts for 1911-12) No fresh articles were brought under octroi after 1899 The complaints appear to have been chiefly on account of octroi on piece goods, but it brings more than three-fourths of the total octroi revenue i.e , Rs. 556 out of Rs. 716 The total revenue from octroi cannot be said to be on the decrease, and has shown signs of falling off only in years of epidemic It cannot therefore be said that trade is deserting Tyamagondlu Further the proceeds from shop tax are steady, if not on the increase, and this too does not point to the running away of traders

ement No 1

Looking at the population figures, how-

ement No II

find a decrease of 1077 in the decennium

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

SFB—6(000—17-6-12.

D R S 121

General and Revenue Secretariat. File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

(1901-11) i.e. 4099 to 3022. To ascertain whether this may be evidence of the diversion of trade and traders, two tests have been applied one negative and one positive.

a) The negative test

Tyamagondlu is admittedly the centre of trade for the North Western portion of the Nelamangala Taluk. If the traders quitted Tyamagondlu, they must have set up in a neighbouring village in the same tract, where they were free from octroi. To exemplify that the test is a correct one, I took another instance in which I am personally aware of a diversion of trade from an octroi area to a neighbouring non-octroi area, in the Honnali Taluk, Shimoga District The figures obtained in this case i e , for Nyamty municipality and Doddayettinahally village, showed a decline in the octroi area and a steady though not quite corresponding increase in the non-octroi area But the figures received from the Census Office show that there has been no increase of population in any of the villages surrounding Tyamagondlu, so as to justify the conclusion that -- trade had been diverted there

№ II

b) The positive test.

The decrease of population not being traceable to the levy of octroi, the cause of it was determined to be plague, as will be clear from statement III exhibiting mortality from plague

Note—Contn sheet

GPE—6/ 606—17 6-12.

[S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat | File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

Suggestions for improvement

If octroi is settled to be retained, it is possible to improve, though slightly, the existing system in Tyamagondlu

1st The tax on jaggory, ghee, goats and sheep may be abolished as the proceeds from them are very little - Rs 6/- in all

2nd Tyamagondlu is not even a Taluk head-quarters town Therefore there is no responsible official agency on the spot for supervising the octroi collection staff It must be made compulsory for the octroi Collector to work in the presence of at -- least two members of the Municipal Board, these - members being deputed by rotation This will not only prevent leakage of revenue, but protect the petty traders from the whims and petty tyrannies of the Collector

3rd The Amildar must be required to visit the town twice a month at the least and check the --- octroi receipts in detail and to take immediate - notice of irregularities and complaints

(iii) Conversion into a Union

The question of disestablishing the minor municipalities or bringing them under the Regulation is before the Second Councillor

30/9

Is the Note recorded above give full information as far as it is ascertainable in the office The effect of octroi on populations

Note—Contn sheet.

GPB—G' OCC—17-6-12.

R S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat

Al File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No

is in conclusive Nor does plague satisfactorily account for the decrease in population as several areas affected similarly by have shown increases in population These factors must obviously have had some influence over population, though they form part of a large body of causes for the decrease in question.

Before a practical decision can be given on the representation made by the residents of Thyagarajanagar the Dy Commissioner will have to be consulted as also the Municipal Council of the place

Action will be taken in this direction after the Notes are perused by the 2nd Councilor & the Dewan.

Secy to Govt 3/12

2nd Councillor Dewan

Ab The note by Mr Bell is full of interest & information & there is hardly anything to add to it. It fully represents my views in the matter Mr Bell & Mr Chetty as Residents of the municipalities as well as the Local Municipal Council may be asked to investigate the causes that have led to the decline in the population of Thyagarajanagar & also to frame their proposals with an expression of their views in the matter of the above & of their action in the said area

5646/13

NOTE—Contin sheet

No. I.

Receipts and expenditure of the Tyamagondlu Municipality.

Year	Income from Ortroi	Income from Shop tax.	Total Receipts.	Total expenditure	Expenditure under Public Works.	Remarks.
1908-09	852	415	2671	2233	311	
1909-10	757	465	2981	2350	50	
1910-11	662	514	2747	1868	111	
1911-12	716	452	2672	2210	290	
1912-13	737	460	2903	2608	350	Approximate figures
1913-14	808	471	2937	2447	350	do
Total	4532	2775	16911	13716	1462	
Average	755	463	2819	2286	244	

Asst

No. 31.

Statement of population, with variations, since 1871, in the case of villages surrounding Tyamagondlu. and of Tyamagondlu.

Name of village.	Population. 1911 Total	1901 Total	1891 Total	1881 Total	1871. Total.	
Hosnali Taluk.						
Nyamti	3082	3461	3102	2753	2571	
Doddathinahalli	1041	977	756	800	775	
Nelamangala Taluk.						
Tavarekere	249	209	153	129	256	
Kulavanhalli	384	313	260	184	267	
Karehalli	232	203	164	134	161	
Bidalur	166	110	92	76	161	
Manne	847	748	702	570	759	
Muddalinganahalli	152	100	92	121	145	
Vobalapura	761	681	631	405	660	
Thotanahalli	172	218	137	126	218	
Kalalaghatta	247	259	182	143	293	
Dodda Chennehalli	218	137	134	141	"	x
Guddegowdanachennehalli	113	108	71	50	82	x
Byragondanahalli	171	107	96	47	106	
Byranayakanahalli	247	266	208	160	205	
Tyamagondlu	3022	4099	3748	3299	3804	

x. These two villages go by the name of Chennehalli, Hence the population of both has been noted for information.

A

General and Revenue Secretariat | ML File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No.	
17	I agree with the Second Member. Action may be taken accordingly. 10 2 14 [illegible]
18	Draft [illegible] 11/2
	Draft submitted 20 Issue keeping fair draft in the file 18/2/14 [illegible] 18/2
4 21	Letter No. 8143 dated the 26th Feb 1914 to the Dy. Comr., Bangalore District. States that Govt. desire that the causes which have led to the decline in the population of Tyamagondlu should be duly investigated by the Munic. Council and by the Dy. Comr. and requests him to submit a report in the matter together with his own opinion regarding the abolition of the octroi duty in that Municipality.
22	Letter No. S. 64 dated the 29th July 1914 from the Dy. Comr., Bangalore Dt. States in reply that a final report will be submitted as soon as complete information is received from the shandoon.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—10 000—18 6-14

1026

[R S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat

Dft File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No.	
	23 Draft submitted, awaiting for an early report.
	15/8/14 (24) Await receipt of report called for 1st Nov.
	17/8
	(25) The proposed report has not been received yet. May the draft in the file issue
	5/11/14 Issue
	6/11
6	27/10 D.C Bangalore No 4033 & 18/11/14 calls for early submission of the report promised
7	29/10 From the Deputy Commr Bangalore District No 383 dated 22nd January 1915 submits a detailed report regarding (a) decrease of population in Tyamagondlu and (b) abolition of octroi duty in Do
	29 The report showed that the decrease in the population was partly due to decline of sericulture and partly to emigration on the outbreak of plague and that it was not due to the levy of octroi duty
	30 The principal inhabitants of the town were invited to be present

Note—Contin. sheet.

[illegible] 12]

4653 19

General and Revenue Secretariat | ML File No 121 of 1913.

Serial No

~~At the meeting of the Municipal Board on the 31st October 1914 and due consideration it was decided by the Municipal Board~~
~~(a) not to convert the town into a Union and~~
~~(b) not to abolish octroi duty~~
~~It submitted~~
~~DJ~~
~~26/1/15~~ 32 the question has been fully investigated the Causes for 28/1 decrease have been ascertained to be
(1) plague - which (a) Caused the death of 700 or 800 persons and (b) Caused about 20 or 25 families to permanently leave the place
(2) decline of sericulture
33 It has been amply proved that Octroi has nothing to do with this, and the people and Municipal Commissioners are opposed to its abolition Shyamgarh is a growing town, and can ill-afford to lose such a lucrative source of income
34 It has also been resolved that it is unnecessary to disestablish the Municipality and convert it into a Union
35 Please put up draft 28/2 Mr. Hyde Secy) ~~APH—60 000—7-11-20~~ hereby

HWH 3/3

NOTE—Contn sheet.

4653 20

G R S 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat | Nil File No. 121 of 1913

Serial No	
	36 Draft order recording is Ordd 4457 37 Dy Secy; 3 3. 1915 Mr 5/3
	38 Draft may be app 5/3/15 Mr 5/3 I do Member Dewan
	39. May be approved 6/3 well Dewan 6/3
5913 10-3-15	40 Draft approved by the Dewan 2/5- Dewan 4/5 Mr 4/5
	41 Issue Mr 4/5
8	8636 9 10-5-15 To the Dy Comr, Bangalore at Nx Records the correspondence with the observation that the existing state of things do continue at Tyamagondlu

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—25,000—2 11 15

D 929

Rd 121-1913—1

Extract from the Dewan's notes of inspection of Tyamagondlu, Bangalore Dt dated the 27th July 1913

(Re abolition of octroi in the town)

Notes of Inspection

"The merchants wanted that the Municipality might be converted into a Union or the octroi abolished In the alternative they prayed that the shop tax might be increased so as to yield half the income now realized from octroi and that the other half might be remitted"

"The following statement gives the income of the Municipality:-

	Actuals 1911-1912	Estimate 1912-1913	Estimate 1913-1914
Octroi =	716	737	805
House tax &c =	1703	1760	1761

"The population of the town is approximately 3022"

Dewan

27

Devan's Order

"I shall be glad to have a note from the Secretariat on this question, sent up to me through the Second Committee."

23

Urgent

Sec
64/13

Revenue 121-13-2
of 18 & 13.

Dear Sir,

Will you kindly let me know for the information of the Govt. the number of deaths from Cholera, Small-pox and plague in the town of Yelandur during the Calendar year, commencing from 1898?

I request that this matter may be kindly treated as urgent and information furnished as early as practicable.

Yours obediently

Hm
16/5

To K Chandey Esq
~~P.S. Nelagata Rao~~
~~Asst~~ Com'r
Bangalore

25

Ewd 121-13/8.3

Statement showing the number of deaths from Cholera Small-pox and Plague in the town of Tyamagondlu, Bangalore District, during 9 calendar years commencing from

Put up with the file.
Please note the enquiry in paragraph 2 of the D.O. letter has been answered in the enclosure.
Ewd 121-13/8.3

D 1532 24

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
Bangalore, 2nd September 1913

Ewd 121-13/8.3

Dear Sir,

As required in your D O No 2004 dated 18th August 1913, I send herewith a statement showing the number of deaths from Cholera,-- Small-pox and Plague in the town of Tyamagondlu during the 9 calendar years from 1898.

Yours Sincerely,

K Ramaiah

To

A V Ramanathan Esq , B A ,
Assistant Secretary to Government,
General and Revenue Departments

Re abolition of octroi at Tyamagondlu

GRS 26] 2 copies 19/2

File No 121-13
Serial No 4

Diary No of letter replied to 1652

179/13

No 8143

ml 121-13-4
926 2 14

General and Revenue Secretariat
(ML.)
Dy. the 18 2 19/4

To
The Dy. Comr. Bangalore Dt.

Date of issue 26.2.14

Signed by Irra V Ramachandran

Sir,

The residents of Tyamagondlu have all along been complaining that the levy of octroi duty in the town has been pressing heavily on them, that on that account several merchants left the place & settled elsewhere and that several shops began to spring up in the adjoining villages

over

SUBJECT

ML 25/2/14

with the result that the population of the town decreased considerably and the only land when the Govan riding was built town, they presume that either the municipality might be disestablished and Govan be made into a burgh or the Octroi duty abolished, the shop tax being retained simultaneously to as to yield half the income realized from Octroi.

2) I request that you will be so good as to associate yourself with the Board, Board of Trade and ascertain the Causes which have led to the decline in the population of this town, and to submit a report together with an expression of opinion thereon as also of the Municipality regarding the matter of the abolition of

A reference to the Census figures shows a decrease of 1077 in the population during the period 1901-11

I am directed to state that, Govt desire to

List of enclosures,

abolish the Octroi duty is entertained by you and the Municipality, and to request you to favour Council with a report Examined by us the matter,

GPB—20 000—2-9 10

G R S 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Continuation sheet draft form.)

2 Copies

(3) 26

of the octroi duty in that Municipality.

2 Copies to

Bombay 18/2 — Forwarded

GPS—12,000—14-8-28

28 JAN

Rel 121-13/8L5 29

Deputy Commissioner's Office,
BANGALORE DIST.

Dated 29 7 14

From. K Chandy Esqure BA D1026

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

To, D M Narasinga Rao, Esqure, BA, BL,
Offg Secretary to the Govt of H H the
Maharaja of Mysore, General
and Revenue Depts.
Bangalore

Sir,

In replyong to your letter no 8143 T
Rel 121-13-4

dated 26 2 1914, calling for a detailed report for the decrease of population and for the abolition of Octroi duty in the town of Tyamagondlu, I have the honour to state that the report submitted by the Amildar of Nelamangala is very meagre The case will be fully investigated, and a fenal report will be submitted after receipt of detailed report from the Amildar

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your Most Obedient Servant
K Chandy
Deputy Commissioner,
alore District

F9-13

190

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore Distt

To

The Secretary to Govt
General Dept

Dated

Despatched 29 7 14

Received

General No 964
No

Enclosure No

Re detailed report for
decrease of prosecutions
and for the abolition
of Police duty at the
town of Thyamagondlu

7/4

wrb

+ S 30

GRS 29A]

1904-05 15

From

Secy to the Govt of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Genl and Rev Dept

To

The Dy. Comr., Bangalore Dt

Dated —

Despatched

Received 18.11.14

General No 4033

No ml21-13-6

Enclosure No

Has letter no. S 64 dated the 29th July 1914 about the investigation of the causes that led to the decline in the population of Lyamangandlu

Has the honour to request the Dy. Comr. Bhe do send a Conducted the necessary investigation within two of time and submit the required called for at a very early date

By order

Mon 6/11

Dy Secy

MGOPS—10,000—6-2-05

7/11/

Mr H. M. Hall

Office of the Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District
Dated, Bangalore, the 22nd January 1915.

1 1653 / Md 121-13-7

From

K Chandy, Esquire, B A,
Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

To

D Hr Narasinga Rao, Esquire, B A, B L,
Offg Secretary to the Government of
H H the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,
Bangalore

Sir,

In reply to your letter No 8143 / Md 121-13-4 dated 7-2-14 Calling for a detailed report for the increase of population in the town of Jyagondlu together with an expression of views regarding the abolition of octroi duty in that town, I have the honor to State as follows:—

From the two reports received from the Assistant Commissioner, Doddballapur Division, one on 6-4-14 and the other on 13-1-15, it is ascertained that the population has remained more or less the same every year even since the outbreak of plague, in July 1904 and nearly 700 or 800 persons seem to have died from this disease during the years when Sericulture was

G.I.B.—100,000—27.7.15

From The Deputy Commissioner Bangalore North

To The Secretary to Govt Revenue Department

Dated

Despatched 23-1-15

Received

General No 383
No

Enclosure No 1 file

Report for the decrease of population in the town of Tyamagondlu

191

was progressing, nearly 20 families had settled down there temporarily and that when it began to decline, they all quitted the place Again, out of the 56 families emigrated temporarily on account of the out-break of plague, nearly 20 or 25, families did not at all Settle down again at Tyamagondlu The decline of the population may be attributed to the above causes

To investigate fully the complaint that the octroi duty is pressing heavily upon the townspeople, wide publicity was given to the people to attend the municipal meeting held on 31-10-14

It is reported that there was a gathering of the leading citizens of Thyamagondlu at the meeting, and that the question being discussed, it was resolved that as the existing rates of octroi duty are not heavy, and are the same as those in other Municipalities any reduction in the present rate does not seem to be necessary

They have further resolved that the

the conversion of the Municipality into a Minor will add towards the decline of the town, instead of ameliorating the condition of the people The Assistant Commissioner, Dodballapur Sub-Division has stated in his yadi No 207 received on 13-1-15 that it is only the cloth merchants and none else that Complain of the octroi duty Both the Amildar and the Sub-Division officer are of opinion that neither the octroi duty need be abolished nor the Municipality be converted into a Minor

In these circumstances, I am of opinion that the de-population of the place is not due to the levy of octroi duty, that the said duty does not press heavily on the people and that Devanagondlu being a far more important, populous and trading town than Nelamangala, it is inexpedient to disestablish the Municipality and convert it into a Minor, or to abolish the octroi duty which is one of the main sources of income incapable of being replaced by any other tax

The Vernacular records ending with

with Doddballapur Sub-Division office's
Yadi No 207 dated 7-12-14 are herewith
submitted for reference and Kind
return

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

K Muandy
Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District

crease in population, as have, in the Tyamagondlu Municipality

G.R.S 28]

121

File No 13

Serial No 8

Diary No of letter replied to 4653

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT
(Mun!)

READ—

Correspondence ending with letter No: 383 dated 22nd Jan'y 15 from the Dy. Comm'r Bangalore District reporting with reference to the representation of certain merchants of Tyamagondlu Municipality that there has been a decrease of population on account of the levy of Octroi duty, and

over

the 191

Date of issue 10.5.15

Signed by Mr MS Ramachandra Rao.

ORDER THEREON—No

SUBJECT

15 Mar 1915

600—1-12-14

praying that the said duty may be abolished or the town Converted into a Town

Order thereon. 6636 mk 21-13-8 -9/10 5-15-

Recorded

2 A detailed investigation held into the matter clearly shows that the decrease in the population of the town is due to other Causes than the levy of Octroi duty Viz (1) the frequent Outbreaks of plague (2) the decline of Indigenous

3 At a Meeting of the Municipal Board of Jagraon held on 31-10-14 it was which was attended by a few of the prominent Citizens, it was resolved that it was unnecessary to abolish Octroi or disestablish the Municipality. The Deputy Commissioners recommendation

G.R.S 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Continuation sheet draft form.)

is also to the same effect.
Government agreeing with
the views of the Municipal
Board and Deputy
Commissioner are pleased
to direct that the existing
State of things be continued

By order

Mor 573 — For offg Sec'y 573 1/15

The Secretary to Govt
Bangalore Secretariat
the 25th

well
D/3

2.5.15.
RB